Recognizing Domestic Hazardous Materials

Prohibited

CLASS 1: Explosives
CLASS 2: Gases
CLASS 3: Flammable Liquids
CLASS 4: Flammable Solids
CLASS 5: Oxidizers and Organic Peroxides
CLASS 6: Toxic Materials and Infectious Substances
CLASS 7: Radioactive Materials
CLASS 8: Corrosives
CLASS 9: Miscellaneous Hazardous Materials

Potentially mailable to domestic destinations*

Your package could not be accepted for one of the following reasons:
■ Improper packaging.
■ Prohibited or restricted markings and/or labels.
■ Stained or leaking mailpiece.

Contact your local Post Office™ to determine if this package is mailable.

Pricing and Classification Service Center
You can get more information from your local Post Office, your local Business Mail Entry Unit, and the Pricing and Classification Service Center (PCSC), which can be contacted at:

PCSC
90 CHURCH STREET STE 3100
NEW YORK, NY 10007-2951
telephone: 212-330-5300
fax: 212-330-5320

* Additional requirements in Publication 52 must also be met. Hazard class labels 5.1, 5.2, 8, and 9 must only be used in conjunction with DOT limited quantity markings and only when permitted for the applicable hazard class. For potentially mailable items to international destinations, see the IMM.
What You Can Do to Help

Ask Before You Mail

Many common, everyday items are classified as hazardous materials. Determining the mailable of hazardous materials requires the consideration of a number of factors and can be very challenging. Please check with your local U.S. Postal Service™ officials before attempting to mail any items that could be considered hazardous. Improper mailing of hazardous materials may subject you to civil and/or criminal liability.

Full responsibility rests with the mailer to comply with all postal and nonpostal laws and regulations regarding the mailing of hazardous materials.

Mailers are responsible for the following:

- Knowing the physical characteristics of the hazardous materials they wish to mail.
- Ensuring that no hazardous material is mailed unless it is permitted under Postal Service™ mailing standards in the Mailing Standards of the United States Postal Service, International Mail Manual (IMM™), and Publication 52, Prohibited, Restricted, and Perishable Mail.
- Ensuring that all Postal Service regulations are followed regarding the packaging, markings, labeling, and declaration of hazardous materials placed in the mail.

Further guidance on the packaging, marking, and mailable of hazardous materials is available from the following sources:

- IMM (for mailings to foreign addresses); http://pe.usps.com/text/imm/welcome.htm (sections 135 and 136).

Reused Packaging

Reused packaging and boxes are only acceptable when all markings and labels are removed or completely marked out so that they cannot be read. Regardless of what is actually inside your package, markings or labels for hazardous or restricted materials may prevent your package from being delivered. Refer to Pub 52, section 227, for more information.

Laws That Keep Us Safe

With certain limited exceptions, the federal law in Title 18 United States Code 1716 (18 U.S.C. 1716) declares it a crime to mail anything that may kill or injure persons or harm property. Persons violating the statute may be subject to fines, imprisonment, or other severe penalties.

The Postal Service has established rules prescribing preparation and packaging conditions under which certain hazardous materials, which are not “outwardly of their own force dangerous or injurious to life, health, or property,” may be mailed. Because these rules are very limited, most hazardous materials are prohibited from mailing.

Hazard Classes

For purposes of transportation and shipping, each hazardous material is assigned to a hazard class. The list that follows provides examples of items that are subject to mailing restrictions or prohibitions.

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UN 3373 Biological Substances Category B

UN 3291 Regulated Medical Waste

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